

CHICAGO CITATION EXAMPLES FOR JOURNALS

CHICAGO CITATION EXAMPLES FOR JOURNALS ARE CRUCIAL FOR ACADEMIC AND PROFESSIONAL WRITING, ENSURING PROPER ATTRIBUTION AND ALLOWING READERS TO LOCATE YOUR SOURCES. WHETHER YOU ARE USING THE AUTHOR-DATE OR NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM, UNDERSTANDING THE NUANCES OF CITING JOURNAL ARTICLES IS FUNDAMENTAL TO ACADEMIC INTEGRITY. THIS COMPREHENSIVE GUIDE WILL DELVE INTO THE INTRICACIES OF CHICAGO STYLE JOURNAL CITATIONS, PROVIDING CLEAR EXAMPLES FOR VARIOUS SCENARIOS. WE WILL COVER THE ESSENTIAL COMPONENTS OF A JOURNAL CITATION, EXPLORE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE TWO CHICAGO STYLE SYSTEMS, AND OFFER DETAILED EXAMPLES FOR BOTH IN-TEXT CITATIONS AND FULL BIBLIOGRAPHY ENTRIES. BY MASTERING THESE EXAMPLES, YOU CAN CONFIDENTLY NAVIGATE THE REQUIREMENTS OF ACADEMIC PUBLISHING AND RESEARCH.

- UNDERSTANDING CHICAGO STYLE FOR JOURNAL ARTICLES
- KEY COMPONENTS OF A CHICAGO JOURNAL CITATION
- CHICAGO NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM: JOURNAL EXAMPLES
- CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM: JOURNAL EXAMPLES
- COMMON VARIATIONS AND SPECIAL CASES IN JOURNAL CITATIONS
- ENSURING ACCURACY AND CONSISTENCY IN YOUR CITATIONS

UNDERSTANDING CHICAGO STYLE FOR JOURNAL ARTICLES

THE CHICAGO MANUAL OF STYLE (CMOS) IS A WIDELY RESPECTED CITATION STYLE USED IN VARIOUS ACADEMIC DISCIPLINES, PARTICULARLY IN THE HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES. IT OFFERS TWO DISTINCT SYSTEMS FOR REFERENCING SOURCES: THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM AND THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM. BOTH SYSTEMS AIM TO PROVIDE CLEAR AND CONSISTENT ATTRIBUTION FOR SCHOLARLY WORK, BUT THEY DIFFER IN THEIR PRESENTATION AND APPLICATION. FOR JOURNAL ARTICLES, THE FUNDAMENTAL GOAL IS TO FURNISH ENOUGH INFORMATION FOR A READER TO EASILY IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE ORIGINAL SOURCE.

CHOOSING BETWEEN THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY AND AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEMS OFTEN DEPENDS ON THE SPECIFIC ACADEMIC FIELD OR THE REQUIREMENTS OF A PARTICULAR PUBLICATION. THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM, OFTEN FAVORED IN HISTORY AND LITERATURE, USES FOOTNOTES OR ENDNOTES FOR CITATIONS AND A BIBLIOGRAPHY AT THE END OF THE PAPER. THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM, MORE COMMON IN SOCIAL SCIENCES AND SCIENCES, USES PARENTHETICAL IN-TEXT CITATIONS AND A REFERENCE LIST. REGARDLESS OF THE SYSTEM CHOSEN, THE CORE INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR CITING A JOURNAL ARTICLE REMAINS LARGELY THE SAME.

KEY COMPONENTS OF A CHICAGO JOURNAL CITATION

A COMPLETE CITATION FOR A JOURNAL ARTICLE IN CHICAGO STYLE, REGARDLESS OF THE SYSTEM USED, TYPICALLY INCLUDES SEVERAL KEY PIECES OF INFORMATION. THESE ELEMENTS WORK TOGETHER TO UNIQUELY IDENTIFY THE PUBLICATION AND THE SPECIFIC ARTICLE WITHIN IT. PROPERLY IDENTIFYING EACH COMPONENT IS THE FIRST STEP TOWARDS ACCURATE CITATION.

AUTHOR(S) NAME(S)

THE AUTHOR'S NAME(S) ARE PARAMOUNT. IN THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM, THE FIRST AUTHOR'S NAME IS TYPICALLY PRESENTED IN REVERSE ORDER (LAST NAME, FIRST NAME) FOR THE FIRST MENTION IN A NOTE, AND THEN IN STANDARD ORDER (FIRST NAME LAST NAME) FOR SUBSEQUENT NOTES. IN THE BIBLIOGRAPHY, THE FIRST AUTHOR'S NAME IS ALWAYS IN REVERSE ORDER, WITH SUBSEQUENT AUTHORS IN STANDARD ORDER. THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM ALWAYS LISTS AUTHORS IN STANDARD ORDER (FIRST NAME LAST NAME) IN THE REFERENCE LIST.

ARTICLE TITLE

THE TITLE OF THE SPECIFIC ARTICLE IS ENCLOSED IN QUOTATION MARKS. THIS CLEARLY DISTINGUISHES THE INDIVIDUAL PIECE OF WRITING FROM THE JOURNAL TITLE ITSELF.

JOURNAL TITLE

THE NAME OF THE JOURNAL IS ITALICIZED. THIS HELPS TO IDENTIFY THE PUBLICATION VENUE WHERE THE ARTICLE APPEARED.

VOLUME AND ISSUE NUMBERS

ACADEMIC JOURNALS ARE ORGANIZED INTO VOLUMES AND ISSUES. THE VOLUME NUMBER IS TYPICALLY FOLLOWED BY THE ISSUE NUMBER, OFTEN SEPARATED BY A COLON OR COMMA. THIS HELPS PINPOINT THE EXACT PHYSICAL OR DIGITAL LOCATION OF THE ARTICLE.

PUBLICATION YEAR

THE YEAR THE JOURNAL ISSUE WAS PUBLISHED IS ESSENTIAL FOR LOCATING THE ARTICLE AND UNDERSTANDING ITS TEMPORAL CONTEXT. SOME JOURNALS ALSO INCLUDE THE MONTH OR SEASON, WHICH CAN BE INCLUDED IF IT HELPS WITH SPECIFICITY.

PAGE NUMBERS

THE SPECIFIC PAGE RANGE WHERE THE ARTICLE APPEARS WITHIN THE JOURNAL ISSUE IS CRUCIAL FOR DIRECT RETRIEVAL. THIS IS USUALLY INDICATED BY "PP." FOLLOWED BY THE PAGE NUMBERS.

DOI OR URL (IF APPLICABLE)

FOR ONLINE ARTICLES, A DIGITAL OBJECT IDENTIFIER (DOI) IS THE PREFERRED PERSISTENT LINK. IF A DOI IS NOT AVAILABLE, A STABLE URL MAY BE PROVIDED, BUT IT'S IMPORTANT TO ENSURE IT LEADS DIRECTLY TO THE ARTICLE AND IS NOT A GENERAL HOMEPAGE LINK.

CHICAGO NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM: JOURNAL EXAMPLES

THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM USES NUMBERED NOTES (FOOTNOTES OR ENDNOTES) TO CITE SOURCES WITHIN THE TEXT, AND A COMPREHENSIVE BIBLIOGRAPHY AT THE END OF THE DOCUMENT. THIS SYSTEM PROVIDES DETAILED INFORMATION FOR EACH CITATION IN THE NOTES, WITH A MORE CONCISE VERSION IN THE BIBLIOGRAPHY.

FIRST NOTE CITATION FOR A JOURNAL ARTICLE

THE FIRST TIME YOU CITE A SPECIFIC JOURNAL ARTICLE IN A NOTE, YOU WILL PROVIDE A FULL CITATION. THIS INCLUDES ALL THE NECESSARY COMPONENTS FOR COMPLETE IDENTIFICATION. ACCURACY HERE IS KEY FOR READERS TO FIND YOUR SOURCE.

- JOHN SMITH, "THE IMPACT OF SOCIAL MEDIA ON POLITICAL DISCOURSE," *JOURNAL OF COMMUNICATION STUDIES* 15, no. 2 (2020): 45-62.

SUBSEQUENT NOTE CITATION FOR A JOURNAL ARTICLE

FOR ANY SUBSEQUENT MENTIONS OF THE SAME JOURNAL ARTICLE WITHIN YOUR NOTES, A SHORTENED FORM OF THE CITATION IS USED. THIS PREVENTS REDUNDANCY WHILE STILL PROVIDING ENOUGH INFORMATION TO IDENTIFY THE SOURCE.

- SMITH, "SOCIAL MEDIA," 50.

BIBLIOGRAPHY ENTRY FOR A JOURNAL ARTICLE

THE BIBLIOGRAPHY ENTRY FOR A JOURNAL ARTICLE IN THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM IS SIMILAR TO THE FIRST NOTE BUT FOLLOWS A SLIGHTLY DIFFERENT FORMATTING CONVENTION, PARTICULARLY WITH THE AUTHOR'S NAME ORDER. IT IS ALPHABETIZED BY THE AUTHOR'S LAST NAME.

- SMITH, JOHN. "THE IMPACT OF SOCIAL MEDIA ON POLITICAL DISCOURSE." *JOURNAL OF COMMUNICATION STUDIES* 15, no. 2 (2020): 45-62.

JOURNAL ARTICLE WITH TWO AUTHORS (NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY)

WHEN AN ARTICLE HAS TWO AUTHORS, BOTH NAMES ARE INCLUDED IN THE CITATION. IN THE FIRST NOTE, THE FIRST AUTHOR IS IN REVERSE ORDER, AND THE SECOND AUTHOR IS IN STANDARD ORDER. THE BIBLIOGRAPHY FOLLOWS THE SAME PATTERN.

- *FIRST NOTE:* JANE DOE AND RICHARD ROE, "URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT," *SOCIOLOGY TODAY* 22, no. 4 (2018): 112-135.
- *BIBLIOGRAPHY ENTRY:* DOE, JANE, AND RICHARD ROE. "URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT." *SOCIOLOGY TODAY* 22, no. 4 (2018): 112-135.

JOURNAL ARTICLE WITH THREE OR MORE AUTHORS (NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY)

FOR ARTICLES WITH THREE OR MORE AUTHORS, THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM GENERALLY LISTS THE FIRST AUTHOR FOLLOWED BY "ET AL." IN BOTH NOTES AND THE BIBLIOGRAPHY. THIS SIMPLIFIES THE CITATION FOR WORKS WITH EXTENSIVE AUTHORSHIP.

- FIRST NOTE: MICHAEL JOHNSON, SARAH LEE, DAVID CHEN, AND EMILY DAVIS, "ADVANCES IN NANOTECHNOLOGY," *APPLIED PHYSICS LETTERS* 105, no. 1 (2021): 011101.
- SHORTENED NOTE: JOHNSON ET AL., "ADVANCES IN NANOTECHNOLOGY," 011103.
- BIBLIOGRAPHY ENTRY: JOHNSON, MICHAEL, SARAH LEE, DAVID CHEN, AND EMILY DAVIS. "ADVANCES IN NANOTECHNOLOGY." *APPLIED PHYSICS LETTERS* 105, no. 1 (2021): 011101.

JOURNAL ARTICLE WITH A DOI (NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY)

INCLUDING THE DOI IS CRUCIAL FOR ONLINE ARTICLES AS IT PROVIDES A STABLE AND DIRECT LINK. THIS ENHANCES THE DISCOVERABILITY OF THE SOURCE.

- ALICE BROWN, "CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION STRATEGIES," *ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE JOURNAL* 30, no. 3 (2019): 201-215, doi:10.1038/s41558-019-0511-9.

CHICAGO AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM: JOURNAL EXAMPLES

THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM RELIES ON PARENTHETICAL IN-TEXT CITATIONS THAT INCLUDE THE AUTHOR'S LAST NAME AND THE YEAR OF PUBLICATION, WITH A CORRESPONDING REFERENCE LIST AT THE END OF THE PAPER. THIS SYSTEM IS OFTEN PREFERRED FOR ITS CONCISENESS WITHIN THE TEXT.

IN-TEXT CITATION FOR A JOURNAL ARTICLE (AUTHOR-DATE)

IN-TEXT CITATIONS ARE BRIEF AND APPEAR WITHIN THE NARRATIVE OF YOUR PAPER, USUALLY AT THE END OF A SENTENCE OR CLAUSE THAT CONTAINS INFORMATION FROM THE SOURCE. THEY CONSIST OF THE AUTHOR'S LAST NAME AND THE YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

- (SMITH 2020)
- SMITH ARGUES THAT THE IMPACT OF SOCIAL MEDIA ON POLITICAL DISCOURSE IS PROFOUND (2020).

REFERENCE LIST ENTRY FOR A JOURNAL ARTICLE (AUTHOR-DATE)

THE REFERENCE LIST CONTAINS FULL BIBLIOGRAPHIC INFORMATION FOR ALL SOURCES CITED IN THE TEXT. ENTRIES ARE ALPHABETIZED BY THE AUTHOR'S LAST NAME AND FOLLOW A SPECIFIC FORMAT THAT DIFFERS SLIGHTLY FROM THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM.

- SMITH, JOHN. 2020. "THE IMPACT OF SOCIAL MEDIA ON POLITICAL DISCOURSE." *JOURNAL OF COMMUNICATION STUDIES* 15, no. 2 (2020): 45-62.

JOURNAL ARTICLE WITH TWO AUTHORS (AUTHOR-DATE)

WHEN CITING AN ARTICLE WITH TWO AUTHORS IN THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM, BOTH AUTHORS' LAST NAMES ARE INCLUDED IN THE IN-TEXT CITATION, CONNECTED BY AN AMPERSAND (&). IN THE REFERENCE LIST, BOTH AUTHORS' NAMES ARE PRESENTED.

- *IN-TEXT CITATION:* (DOE AND ROE 2018)
- *REFERENCE LIST ENTRY:* DOE, JANE, AND RICHARD ROE. 2018. "URBAN DEVELOPMENT AND COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT." *SOCIOLOGY TODAY* 22, no. 4 (2018): 112-135.

JOURNAL ARTICLE WITH THREE OR MORE AUTHORS (AUTHOR-DATE)

FOR ARTICLES WITH THREE OR MORE AUTHORS, THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM USES "ET AL." AFTER THE FIRST AUTHOR'S NAME IN BOTH THE IN-TEXT CITATION AND THE REFERENCE LIST ENTRY. THIS KEEPS CITATIONS CONCISE.

- *IN-TEXT CITATION:* (JOHNSON ET AL. 2021)
- *REFERENCE LIST ENTRY:* JOHNSON, MICHAEL, SARAH LEE, DAVID CHEN, AND EMILY DAVIS. 2021. "ADVANCES IN NANOTECHNOLOGY." *APPLIED PHYSICS LETTERS* 105, no. 1 (2021): 011101.

JOURNAL ARTICLE WITH A DOI (AUTHOR-DATE)

AS WITH THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM, INCLUDING THE DOI IN THE REFERENCE LIST ENTRY FOR THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED FOR ONLINE RESOURCES. IT ENSURES EASY ACCESS FOR YOUR READERS.

- BROWN, ALICE. 2019. "CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION STRATEGIES." *ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE JOURNAL* 30, no. 3 (2019): 201-215. doi:10.1038/s41558-019-0511-9.

COMMON VARIATIONS AND SPECIAL CASES IN JOURNAL CITATIONS

WHILE THE CORE ELEMENTS OF JOURNAL CITATIONS ARE CONSISTENT, CERTAIN SITUATIONS REQUIRE SPECIFIC FORMATTING. FAMILIARIZING YOURSELF WITH THESE VARIATIONS ENSURES COMPLETENESS AND ACCURACY IN YOUR CHICAGO STYLE CITATIONS.

ARTICLES PUBLISHED ONLINE AHEAD OF PRINT

SOME JOURNALS PUBLISH ARTICLES ONLINE BEFORE THEY APPEAR IN A PRINT VOLUME. IN SUCH CASES, YOU SHOULD INCLUDE THE DATE OF ONLINE AVAILABILITY IF IT DIFFERS FROM THE PRINT PUBLICATION DATE, ALONG WITH THE DOI OR URL.

ARTICLES WITHOUT PAGE NUMBERS (E.G., ONLINE-ONLY JOURNALS)

FOR ARTICLES PUBLISHED ONLINE THAT DO NOT HAVE TRADITIONAL PAGE NUMBERS, YOU MAY CITE PARAGRAPH NUMBERS OR SECTION TITLES IF AVAILABLE. THE CHICAGO MANUAL OF STYLE PROVIDES GUIDANCE ON HOW TO HANDLE SUCH INSTANCES, OFTEN BY USING AN ELECTRONIC MARKER OR INDICATING THE NUMBER OF PARAGRAPHS.

ARTICLES FROM DATABASES

WHEN RETRIEVING AN ARTICLE FROM AN ACADEMIC DATABASE, THE CITATION SHOULD INCLUDE THE DATABASE NAME AND AN ACCESS DATE IF THE CONTENT MIGHT BE SUBJECT TO CHANGE OR IF THE URL IS NOT STABLE. HOWEVER, IF THE ARTICLE HAS A DOI, THAT IS USUALLY SUFFICIENT WITHOUT NEEDING TO MENTION THE DATABASE.

REPRINTED JOURNAL ARTICLES

IF A JOURNAL ARTICLE HAS BEEN REPRINTED IN ANOTHER SOURCE, SUCH AS A READER OR ANTHOLOGY, YOU WILL NEED TO CITE BOTH THE ORIGINAL PUBLICATION DETAILS AND THE DETAILS OF THE REPRINT. THIS ALLOWS READERS TO ACCESS THE ORIGINAL SOURCE IF NEEDED.

ENSURING ACCURACY AND CONSISTENCY IN YOUR CITATIONS

THE FOUNDATION OF STRONG ACADEMIC WORK LIES IN ITS METICULOUS CITATION PRACTICES. INCONSISTENT OR INACCURATE CITATIONS CAN UNDERMINE YOUR CREDIBILITY AND LEAD TO ACCUSATIONS OF PLAGIARISM, EVEN IF UNINTENTIONAL. THEREFORE, DEDICATING TIME TO VERIFY EVERY DETAIL IS AN INVESTMENT IN THE INTEGRITY OF YOUR RESEARCH.

DOUBLE-CHECKING ALL COMPONENTS OF YOUR CITATIONS IS ESSENTIAL. THIS INCLUDES VERIFYING AUTHOR NAMES, ARTICLE AND JOURNAL TITLES, VOLUME AND ISSUE NUMBERS, PUBLICATION DATES, AND PAGE RANGES AGAINST THE ORIGINAL SOURCE. WHEN USING DOIs OR URLs, TEST THEM TO ENSURE THEY ARE ACTIVE AND LEAD DIRECTLY TO THE ARTICLE. MAINTAINING A CONSISTENT STYLE, WHETHER NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY OR AUTHOR-DATE, THROUGHOUT YOUR DOCUMENT IS EQUALLY IMPORTANT. UTILIZE CITATION MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE IF IT AIDS YOUR PROCESS, BUT ALWAYS REVIEW ITS OUTPUT FOR ACCURACY ACCORDING TO THE CHICAGO MANUAL OF STYLE.

ADHERING TO THE GUIDELINES FOR CHICAGO CITATION EXAMPLES FOR JOURNALS NOT ONLY FULFILLS ACADEMIC REQUIREMENTS BUT ALSO DEMONSTRATES RESPECT FOR THE SCHOLARLY WORK OF OTHERS. THIS ATTENTION TO DETAIL IS A HALLMARK OF RIGOROUS ACADEMIC INQUIRY AND STRENGTHENS THE OVERALL IMPACT AND TRUSTWORTHINESS OF YOUR WRITING.

Q: WHAT IS THE PRIMARY DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE CHICAGO NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY AND AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEMS FOR JOURNAL CITATIONS?

A: THE PRIMARY DIFFERENCE LIES IN HOW CITATIONS ARE PRESENTED WITHIN THE TEXT AND AT THE END OF THE DOCUMENT. THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM USES NUMBERED FOOTNOTES OR ENDNOTES FOR IN-TEXT CITATIONS AND A FULL BIBLIOGRAPHY AT THE END. THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM USES PARENTHETICAL IN-TEXT CITATIONS (AUTHOR, YEAR) AND A REFERENCE LIST AT THE END.

Q: HOW DO I CITE A JOURNAL ARTICLE WITH A DOI IN CHICAGO STYLE?

A: WHEN CITING A JOURNAL ARTICLE WITH A DOI IN CHICAGO STYLE, YOU INCLUDE THE DOI AT THE END OF THE CITATION. FOR THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM, IT WOULD LOOK SOMETHING LIKE: AUTHOR LAST NAME, FIRST NAME. "ARTICLE TITLE." *JOURNAL TITLE* VOLUME, no. ISSUE (YEAR): PAGE NUMBERS. doi:XX.XXXXXXXXXX. FOR THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM, IT WOULD BE: AUTHOR LAST NAME, FIRST NAME. YEAR. "ARTICLE TITLE." *JOURNAL TITLE* VOLUME, no. ISSUE (YEAR): PAGE NUMBERS. doi:XX.XXXXXXXXXX.

Q: WHAT IF A JOURNAL ARTICLE HAS MORE THAN TWO AUTHORS? HOW DO I CITE IT IN CHICAGO STYLE?

A: FOR JOURNALS WITH THREE OR MORE AUTHORS, CHICAGO STYLE TYPICALLY LISTS THE FIRST AUTHOR'S NAME FOLLOWED BY "ET AL." IN BOTH THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM (AFTER THE FIRST MENTION) AND THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM IN BOTH IN-TEXT CITATIONS AND REFERENCE LIST ENTRIES.

Q: SHOULD I INCLUDE THE MONTH OR SEASON IN A JOURNAL CITATION IF IT'S AVAILABLE?

A: YES, IF THE JOURNAL ISSUE SPECIFIES THE MONTH OR SEASON OF PUBLICATION (E.G., "SPRING 2023" OR "MAY 2023"), YOU SHOULD INCLUDE IT IN YOUR CITATION FOR GREATER SPECIFICITY. THIS IS PARTICULARLY USEFUL FOR JOURNALS PUBLISHED FREQUENTLY.

Q: HOW DO I CITE A JOURNAL ARTICLE I ACCESSED THROUGH A DATABASE LIKE JSTOR OR PROJECT MUSE?

A: IF THE JOURNAL ARTICLE HAS A DOI, YOU TYPICALLY CITE THE DOI AND DO NOT NEED TO MENTION THE DATABASE OR PROVIDE A URL. IF THERE IS NO DOI, YOU WOULD INCLUDE THE DATABASE NAME AND POTENTIALLY AN ACCESS DATE IF THE CONTENT IS CONSIDERED EPHEMERAL. HOWEVER, THE CMOS GUIDELINES OFTEN PRIORITIZE DOIS.

Q: WHAT IS THE CORRECT WAY TO ITALICIZE TITLES IN CHICAGO JOURNAL CITATIONS?

A: IN CHICAGO STYLE, THE TITLE OF THE JOURNAL ITSELF IS ITALICIZED, WHILE THE TITLE OF THE INDIVIDUAL ARTICLE IS ENCLOSED IN QUOTATION MARKS.

Q: HOW DOES THE PAGE NUMBER FORMAT DIFFER BETWEEN THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY AND AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEMS FOR CHICAGO JOURNAL ARTICLES?

A: IN THE NOTES-BIBLIOGRAPHY SYSTEM, PAGE NUMBERS ARE TYPICALLY PRESENTED AS "PP. XX-YY" OR "PP. XX" FOR A SINGLE PAGE. IN THE AUTHOR-DATE SYSTEM, THE FORMAT IS SIMILAR, OFTEN "PP. XX-YY" OR "PP. XX" IN THE REFERENCE LIST. IN-TEXT CITATIONS MIGHT INCLUDE SPECIFIC PAGE NUMBERS IN PARENTHESES LIKE (SMITH 2020, 55).

[Chicago Citation Examples For Journals](#)

Chicago Citation Examples For Journals

Related Articles

- [chemistry lab safety equipment](#)
- [chemistry instrumentation repair us](#)
- [chemistry tutor online usa](#)

[Back to Home](#)