

CANCER DIET RECOMMENDATIONS US

CANCER DIET RECOMMENDATIONS US, like many aspects of cancer care, is a complex and evolving field. Understanding the role of nutrition can be empowering for patients and their families navigating the challenges of diagnosis and treatment. This comprehensive article delves into evidence-based dietary strategies, focusing on what is generally recommended within the United States. We will explore the fundamental principles of a cancer-fighting diet, the importance of specific nutrients, and practical tips for meal planning and preparation. Furthermore, we will address common dietary myths and considerations during various stages of cancer treatment. Our aim is to provide clear, actionable guidance grounded in scientific understanding to support overall well-being and aid in recovery.

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UNDERSTANDING THE BASICS OF A CANCER DIET

THE FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLE BEHIND CANCER DIET RECOMMENDATIONS IN THE US IS TO PROVIDE THE BODY WITH THE ESSENTIAL NUTRIENTS IT NEEDS TO MAINTAIN STRENGTH, REPAIR TISSUES, AND SUPPORT THE IMMUNE SYSTEM. IT IS NOT ABOUT "STARVING" CANCER CELLS, WHICH IS A COMMON MISCONCEPTION. INSTEAD, A WELL-BALANCED AND NUTRIENT-DENSE DIET HELPS THE BODY COPE WITH THE PHYSICAL DEMANDS OF CANCER AND ITS TREATMENTS, SUCH AS SURGERY, CHEMOTHERAPY, AND RADIATION. THE FOCUS IS ON PROMOTING OVERALL HEALTH AND PREVENTING MALNUTRITION, WHICH CAN SIGNIFICANTLY IMPACT TREATMENT OUTCOMES AND QUALITY OF LIFE.

IT IS CRUCIAL TO EMPHASIZE THAT THERE IS NO SINGLE "MAGIC" DIET THAT CAN CURE CANCER. INSTEAD, DIETARY APPROACHES ARE COMPLEMENTARY TO CONVENTIONAL MEDICAL TREATMENTS. PERSONALIZED NUTRITION PLANS, OFTEN DEVELOPED IN CONJUNCTION WITH A REGISTERED DIETITIAN OR ONCOLOGIST, ARE THE MOST EFFECTIVE. THESE PLANS CONSIDER THE SPECIFIC TYPE OF CANCER, THE STAGE OF THE DISEASE, THE TYPE OF TREATMENT BEING RECEIVED, AND THE INDIVIDUAL'S OVERALL HEALTH STATUS AND PREFERENCES. THE GOAL IS TO OPTIMIZE THE BODY'S ABILITY TO HEAL AND FIGHT THE DISEASE.

KEY NUTRITIONAL PILLARS FOR CANCER PATIENTS

SEVERAL KEY NUTRITIONAL COMPONENTS ARE VITAL FOR INDIVIDUALS UNDERGOING CANCER TREATMENT. THESE PILLARS WORK SYNERGISTICALLY TO SUPPORT THE BODY'S COMPLEX PROCESSES DURING THIS CHALLENGING TIME. FOCUSING ON THESE ELEMENTS CAN HELP MITIGATE SIDE EFFECTS AND PROMOTE RECOVERY.

THE IMPORTANCE OF PROTEIN

PROTEIN IS ESSENTIAL FOR REBUILDING AND REPAIRING TISSUES, SUPPORTING THE IMMUNE SYSTEM, AND MAINTAINING MUSCLE MASS. CANCER AND ITS TREATMENTS CAN INCREASE THE BODY'S PROTEIN NEEDS. ADEQUATE PROTEIN INTAKE CAN HELP PREVENT UNINTENDED WEIGHT LOSS AND WEAKNESS. GOOD SOURCES OF PROTEIN INCLUDE LEAN MEATS, POULTRY, FISH, EGGS, DAIRY PRODUCTS, LEGUMES, NUTS, AND SEEDS. FOR INDIVIDUALS EXPERIENCING APPETITE LOSS OR DIFFICULTY CHEWING, PROTEIN

SUPPLEMENTS OR SHAKES CAN BE BENEFICIAL, BUT SHOULD IDEALLY BE DISCUSSED WITH A HEALTHCARE PROVIDER.

COMPLEX CARBOHYDRATES FOR ENERGY

CARBOHYDRATES ARE THE BODY'S PRIMARY SOURCE OF ENERGY. COMPLEX CARBOHYDRATES, FOUND IN WHOLE GRAINS, FRUITS, AND VEGETABLES, PROVIDE SUSTAINED ENERGY RELEASE AND ARE RICH IN FIBER AND MICRONUTRIENTS. THESE FOODS HELP COMBAT FATIGUE, A COMMON SIDE EFFECT OF CANCER TREATMENT. AVOIDING REFINED SUGARS AND PROCESSED CARBOHYDRATES IS GENERALLY RECOMMENDED AS THEY OFFER LESS NUTRITIONAL VALUE AND CAN CONTRIBUTE TO INFLAMMATION. WHOLE WHEAT BREAD, BROWN RICE, QUINOA, OATS, AND STARCHY VEGETABLES LIKE SWEET POTATOES ARE EXCELLENT CHOICES.

HEALTHY FATS FOR INFLAMMATION AND CELL FUNCTION

FATS PLAY A CRITICAL ROLE IN NUTRIENT ABSORPTION, HORMONE PRODUCTION, AND REDUCING INFLAMMATION. FOCUSING ON UNSATURATED FATS, PARTICULARLY OMEGA-3 FATTY ACIDS, CAN BE BENEFICIAL. THESE HEALTHY FATS ARE FOUND IN FATTY FISH (SALMON, MACKEREL), FLAXSEEDS, CHIA SEEDS, WALNUTS, AND OLIVE OIL. LIMITING SATURATED AND TRANS FATS, TYPICALLY FOUND IN PROCESSED FOODS, RED MEAT, AND FULL-FAT DAIRY, IS ADVISABLE. HEALTHY FATS ARE CRUCIAL FOR MAINTAINING CELL MEMBRANE INTEGRITY AND SUPPORTING OVERALL CELLULAR HEALTH DURING TREATMENT.

VITAMINS AND MINERALS FOR IMMUNE SUPPORT

VITAMINS AND MINERALS ARE MICRONUTRIENTS THAT ARE CRITICAL FOR COUNTLESS BODILY FUNCTIONS, INCLUDING IMMUNE SYSTEM SUPPORT, CELL GROWTH, AND METABOLISM. WHILE A BALANCED DIET SHOULD PROVIDE ADEQUATE AMOUNTS, CERTAIN VITAMINS AND MINERALS MAY BE PARTICULARLY IMPORTANT FOR CANCER PATIENTS. FOR INSTANCE, VITAMIN D IS LINKED TO IMMUNE FUNCTION AND BONE HEALTH, WHILE ANTIOXIDANTS LIKE VITAMIN C AND E CAN HELP COMBAT OXIDATIVE STRESS. HOWEVER, HIGH-DOSE ANTIOXIDANT SUPPLEMENTS SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION AND UNDER MEDICAL SUPERVISION, AS THEY CAN SOMETIMES INTERFERE WITH CERTAIN CANCER TREATMENTS.

FOODS TO EMPHASIZE FOR CANCER SUPPORT

INCORPORATING A VARIETY OF NUTRIENT-DENSE FOODS INTO THE DIET CAN SIGNIFICANTLY SUPPORT A CANCER PATIENT'S WELL-BEING. THESE FOODS ARE RICH IN THE VITAMINS, MINERALS, FIBER, AND ANTIOXIDANTS THAT THE BODY NEEDS TO FIGHT DISEASE AND RECOVER FROM TREATMENT.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES: A RAINBOW OF NUTRIENTS

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES ARE POWERHOUSES OF VITAMINS, MINERALS, ANTIOXIDANTS, AND FIBER. ANTIOXIDANTS, SUCH AS THOSE FOUND IN BERRIES, LEAFY GREENS, AND COLORFUL VEGETABLES, HELP PROTECT CELLS FROM DAMAGE CAUSED BY FREE RADICALS. FIBER AIDS IN DIGESTION AND CAN HELP PREVENT CONSTIPATION, A COMMON ISSUE DURING TREATMENT. AIM FOR A WIDE VARIETY OF COLORS TO ENSURE A BROAD SPECTRUM OF NUTRIENTS. EXAMPLES INCLUDE BROCCOLI, SPINACH, CARROTS, TOMATOES, APPLES, ORANGES, AND BLUEBERRIES. IF CHEWING OR SWALLOWING IS DIFFICULT, PUREED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES OR SMOOTHIES CAN BE EXCELLENT ALTERNATIVES.

WHOLE GRAINS FOR SUSTAINED ENERGY

WHOLE GRAINS ARE SUPERIOR TO REFINED GRAINS BECAUSE THEY RETAIN THEIR BRAN AND GERM, WHICH ARE PACKED WITH FIBER, B VITAMINS, AND MINERALS. THESE NUTRIENTS ARE ESSENTIAL FOR ENERGY PRODUCTION AND OVERALL METABOLIC HEALTH. EXAMPLES INCLUDE QUINOA, BROWN RICE, OATS, BARLEY, AND WHOLE WHEAT PASTA AND BREAD. THESE FOODS PROVIDE A STEADY RELEASE OF GLUCOSE, HELPING TO MANAGE ENERGY LEVELS AND REDUCE FATIGUE ASSOCIATED WITH CANCER TREATMENTS.

LEAN PROTEINS FOR STRENGTH AND REPAIR

LEAN PROTEIN SOURCES ARE CRUCIAL FOR MAINTAINING MUSCLE MASS AND SUPPORTING TISSUE REPAIR. INCORPORATING A VARIETY OF LEAN PROTEINS ENSURES A GOOD INTAKE OF ESSENTIAL AMINO ACIDS. OPTIONS INCLUDE GRILLED OR BAKED CHICKEN AND TURKEY BREAST, FISH (ESPECIALLY FATTY FISH RICH IN OMEGA-3S), EGGS, TOFU, BEANS, LENTILS, AND GREEK YOGURT. THESE PROTEIN-RICH FOODS HELP THE BODY WITHSTAND THE CATABOLIC EFFECTS OF CANCER AND TREATMENT.

HEALTHY FATS FOR CELLULAR HEALTH

INCORPORATING SOURCES OF HEALTHY FATS SUPPORTS CELL FUNCTION, REDUCES INFLAMMATION, AND AIDS IN THE ABSORPTION OF FAT-SOLUBLE VITAMINS. AVOCADO, NUTS (ALMONDS, WALNUTS), SEEDS (CHIA, FLAX, SUNFLOWER), AND OLIVE OIL ARE EXCELLENT CHOICES. THESE FATS PROVIDE ESSENTIAL FATTY ACIDS THAT ARE VITAL FOR OVERALL HEALTH AND CAN CONTRIBUTE TO A SENSE OF SATIETY.

FOODS TO LIMIT OR AVOID

WHILE FOCUSING ON NUTRITIOUS FOODS IS PARAMOUNT, IT IS ALSO IMPORTANT TO BE AWARE OF CERTAIN FOODS THAT MAY BE LESS BENEFICIAL OR EVEN DETRIMENTAL FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH CANCER. LIMITING THESE CAN HELP OPTIMIZE THE BODY'S RESPONSE TO TREATMENT AND RECOVERY.

PROCESSED FOODS AND REFINED SUGARS

PROCESSED FOODS OFTEN CONTAIN HIGH LEVELS OF UNHEALTHY FATS, SODIUM, AND ADDED SUGARS, WHILE LACKING ESSENTIAL NUTRIENTS. REFINED SUGARS CAN CONTRIBUTE TO INFLAMMATION AND PROVIDE EMPTY CALORIES. AVOIDING PROCESSED MEATS, SUGARY DRINKS, PASTRIES, WHITE BREAD, AND MANY PRE-PACKAGED SNACKS IS GENERALLY RECOMMENDED. THESE FOODS CAN HINDER THE BODY'S ABILITY TO OBTAIN THE NUTRIENTS IT TRULY NEEDS.

EXCESSIVE RED AND PROCESSED MEAT

WHILE LEAN RED MEAT CAN BE A GOOD SOURCE OF IRON AND PROTEIN, EXCESSIVE CONSUMPTION OF RED MEAT, AND PARTICULARLY PROCESSED MEATS (LIKE BACON, SAUSAGES, AND DELI MEATS), HAS BEEN LINKED TO AN INCREASED RISK OF CERTAIN CANCERS. IT IS ADVISABLE TO LIMIT THESE AND OPT FOR LEANER PROTEIN SOURCES MORE FREQUENTLY.

FRIED FOODS AND TRANS FATS

FRIED FOODS ARE OFTEN HIGH IN UNHEALTHY FATS AND CAN BE DIFFICULT TO DIGEST. TRANS FATS, COMMONLY FOUND IN MARGARINES, BAKED GOODS, AND FRIED FAST FOODS, ARE PARTICULARLY DETRIMENTAL TO HEART HEALTH AND CAN PROMOTE INFLAMMATION. PATIENTS SHOULD AIM TO REDUCE THEIR INTAKE OF THESE ITEMS.

ALCOHOL CONSUMPTION

ALCOHOL CONSUMPTION CAN INTERFERE WITH CERTAIN CANCER TREATMENTS, EXACERBATE SIDE EFFECTS LIKE NAUSEA, AND MAY EVEN INCREASE THE RISK OF SOME CANCERS. IT IS GENERALLY ADVISED TO LIMIT OR AVOID ALCOHOL, ESPECIALLY DURING ACTIVE TREATMENT. THIS SHOULD BE DISCUSSED WITH A HEALTHCARE PROVIDER FOR PERSONALIZED GUIDANCE.

DIETARY CONSIDERATIONS DURING CANCER TREATMENT

CANCER TREATMENTS CAN SIGNIFICANTLY IMPACT APPETITE, TASTE PERCEPTION, AND DIGESTIVE FUNCTION, NECESSITATING CAREFUL DIETARY ADJUSTMENTS. A TAILORED APPROACH IS KEY TO ENSURING ADEQUATE NUTRITION AND MANAGING TREATMENT-RELATED SIDE EFFECTS.

MANAGING APPETITE LOSS AND NAUSEA

APPETITE LOSS AND NAUSEA ARE COMMON SIDE EFFECTS. FREQUENT, SMALL MEALS AND SNACKS THROUGHOUT THE DAY CAN BE MORE MANAGEABLE THAN LARGE MEALS. FOCUSING ON NUTRIENT-DENSE, APPEALING FOODS, EVEN IN SMALL QUANTITIES, IS IMPORTANT. COLD FOODS AND DRINKS MAY BE BETTER TOLERATED THAN HOT ONES. ANTI-NAUSEA MEDICATIONS PRESCRIBED BY A DOCTOR CAN ALSO BE VERY HELPFUL. TRYING BLAND FOODS LIKE CRACKERS, TOAST, OR RICE CAN BE USEFUL WHEN FEELING NAUSEOUS.

ADDRESSING CHANGES IN TASTE AND SMELL

CANCER TREATMENTS CAN ALTER TASTE AND SMELL, MAKING FOOD UNAPPEALING. EXPERIMENTING WITH DIFFERENT SEASONINGS, HERBS, AND SPICES CAN HELP REVIVE FLAVORS. IF METALLIC TASTES ARE A CONCERN, PLASTIC UTENSILS AND MARINATING FOODS CAN SOMETIMES HELP. PATIENTS MIGHT FIND THAT SWEET OR SOUR FLAVORS ARE MORE PALATABLE. THIS IS A TIME FOR FLEXIBILITY AND EXPLORATION TO FIND WHAT WORKS BEST.

DEALING WITH DIARRHEA AND CONSTIPATION

BOTH DIARRHEA AND CONSTIPATION CAN OCCUR. FOR DIARRHEA, A DIET LOW IN INSOLUBLE FIBER AND DAIRY MAY BE RECOMMENDED, ALONG WITH INCREASED FLUID INTAKE. FOODS LIKE BANANAS, RICE, APPLESAUCE, AND TOAST (BRAT DIET) CAN BE HELPFUL. FOR CONSTIPATION, INCREASING FLUID INTAKE AND GRADUALLY REINTRODUCING SOLUBLE FIBER FROM SOURCES LIKE OATS AND PSYLLIUM CAN BE BENEFICIAL. CONSULTING A HEALTHCARE PROVIDER IS CRUCIAL FOR MANAGING THESE ISSUES EFFECTIVELY.

IMPORTANCE OF FORTIFIED FOODS AND SUPPLEMENTS

WHEN DIETARY INTAKE IS INSUFFICIENT, FORTIFIED FOODS AND NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS MAY BE RECOMMENDED BY A HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONAL. THESE CAN INCLUDE HIGH-PROTEIN DRINKS, CALORIE BOOSTERS, OR SPECIFIC VITAMIN AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENTS. IT IS CRUCIAL TO USE THESE UNDER THE GUIDANCE OF A DOCTOR OR REGISTERED DIETITIAN TO AVOID INTERACTIONS WITH TREATMENT OR TO ENSURE THEY ARE ADDRESSING SPECIFIC DEFICIENCIES.

HYDRATION: A CRUCIAL COMPONENT

ADEQUATE HYDRATION IS OFTEN OVERLOOKED BUT IS ABSOLUTELY CRITICAL FOR OVERALL HEALTH, ESPECIALLY DURING CANCER TREATMENT. WATER IS ESSENTIAL FOR ALL BODILY FUNCTIONS, INCLUDING NUTRIENT TRANSPORT, WASTE REMOVAL, AND MAINTAINING BODY TEMPERATURE.

THE RECOMMENDED DAILY FLUID INTAKE CAN VARY BASED ON INDIVIDUAL NEEDS, ACTIVITY LEVELS, AND TREATMENT SIDE EFFECTS LIKE VOMITING OR DIARRHEA. AIM FOR CLEAR OR LIGHT-COLORED URINE AS AN INDICATOR OF GOOD HYDRATION. WATER IS THE BEST CHOICE, BUT OTHER BENEFICIAL FLUIDS INCLUDE HERBAL TEAS, CLEAR BROTHS, AND DILUTED FRUIT JUICES. ELECTROLYTE-RICH BEVERAGES MIGHT BE RECOMMENDED BY A HEALTHCARE PROVIDER IF THERE ARE SIGNIFICANT FLUID LOSSES. IT'S IMPORTANT TO SIP FLUIDS THROUGHOUT THE DAY RATHER THAN CONSUMING LARGE AMOUNTS AT ONCE, WHICH CAN BE EASIER TO TOLERATE WHEN EXPERIENCING NAUSEA OR A DECREASED APPETITE.

PRACTICAL TIPS FOR IMPLEMENTING DIETARY CHANGES

MAKING DIETARY CHANGES CAN SEEM DAUNTING, BUT WITH PRACTICAL STRATEGIES, IT CAN BECOME MORE MANAGEABLE AND SUSTAINABLE. THE KEY IS TO FOCUS ON SMALL, ACHIEVABLE STEPS AND SEEK SUPPORT.

- **PLAN MEALS:** DEDICATE TIME TO PLAN MEALS AND SNACKS FOR THE WEEK. THIS HELPS ENSURE THAT NUTRIENT-DENSE OPTIONS ARE READILY AVAILABLE AND REDUCES THE TEMPTATION TO REACH FOR LESS HEALTHY CHOICES.
- **GROCERY SHOPPING:** CREATE A GROCERY LIST BASED ON YOUR MEAL PLAN AND STICK TO IT. FOCUS ON PURCHASING FRESH PRODUCE, LEAN PROTEINS, AND WHOLE GRAINS.
- **PREPARE FOODS IN ADVANCE:** WASH AND CHOP VEGETABLES, COOK GRAINS, OR PORTION OUT SNACKS AHEAD OF TIME. THIS MAKES HEALTHY EATING MORE CONVENIENT WHEN ENERGY LEVELS ARE LOW.
- **KEEP HEALTHY SNACKS HANDY:** HAVE NUTRITIOUS SNACKS LIKE FRUITS, NUTS, YOGURT, OR HARD-BOILED EGGS READILY ACCESSIBLE TO PREVENT REACHING FOR UNHEALTHY OPTIONS WHEN HUNGER STRIKES.
- **LISTEN TO YOUR BODY:** PAY ATTENTION TO HUNGER AND FULLNESS CUES. EAT WHEN YOU ARE HUNGRY AND STOP WHEN YOU FEEL COMFORTABLY FULL, EVEN IF IT MEANS EATING SMALLER PORTIONS MORE FREQUENTLY.
- **SEEK PROFESSIONAL GUIDANCE:** CONSULT WITH A REGISTERED DIETITIAN SPECIALIZING IN ONCOLOGY NUTRITION. THEY CAN PROVIDE PERSONALIZED RECOMMENDATIONS TAILORED TO YOUR SPECIFIC NEEDS AND TREATMENT PLAN.
- **FOCUS ON PROGRESS, NOT PERFECTION:** DIETARY CHANGES TAKE TIME. CELEBRATE SMALL VICTORIES AND DON'T GET DISCOURAGED BY OCCASIONAL SLIP-UPS. CONSISTENCY IS MORE IMPORTANT THAN IMMEDIATE PERFECTION.

IMPLEMENTING THESE PRACTICAL TIPS CAN MAKE A SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE IN ADHERING TO RECOMMENDED DIETARY GUIDELINES, THEREBY SUPPORTING THE BODY'S RESILIENCE AND RECOVERY DURING CANCER TREATMENT. THE EMPHASIS REMAINS ON NOURISHMENT, ENERGY, AND OVERALL WELL-BEING.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS ABOUT CANCER DIET RECOMMENDATIONS US

Q: IS THERE A SPECIFIC DIET THAT CAN CURE CANCER?

A: NO, THERE IS NO SINGLE DIET THAT CAN CURE CANCER. WHILE NUTRITION PLAYS A VITAL ROLE IN SUPPORTING THE BODY DURING TREATMENT AND RECOVERY, IT IS NOT A STANDALONE CURE. CONVENTIONAL MEDICAL TREATMENTS REMAIN THE PRIMARY APPROACH FOR FIGHTING CANCER.

Q: SHOULD I TAKE HIGH-DOSE VITAMIN OR ANTIOXIDANT SUPPLEMENTS?

A: HIGH-DOSE VITAMIN OR ANTIOXIDANT SUPPLEMENTS SHOULD BE APPROACHED WITH CAUTION AND ALWAYS DISCUSSED WITH YOUR ONCOLOGIST OR A REGISTERED DIETITIAN. SOME SUPPLEMENTS CAN INTERFERE WITH THE EFFECTIVENESS OF CANCER TREATMENTS LIKE CHEMOTHERAPY AND RADIATION.

Q: WHAT IF I HAVE NO APPETITE DURING CANCER TREATMENT?

A: LOSS OF APPETITE IS COMMON. FOCUS ON SMALL, FREQUENT, NUTRIENT-DENSE MEALS AND SNACKS. COLD FOODS, SMOOTHIES, AND LIQUID NUTRITIONAL SUPPLEMENTS MAY BE BETTER TOLERATED. YOUR HEALTHCARE TEAM CAN PROVIDE STRATEGIES AND, IF NECESSARY, PRESCRIBE APPETITE STIMULANTS OR ANTI-NAUSEA MEDICATIONS.

Q: ARE THERE ANY FOODS THAT ARE ABSOLUTELY FORBIDDEN FOR CANCER PATIENTS?

A: WHILE THERE ARE NO UNIVERSALLY "FORBIDDEN" FOODS, IT IS GENERALLY RECOMMENDED TO LIMIT PROCESSED FOODS, REFINED SUGARS, EXCESSIVE RED AND PROCESSED MEATS, AND ALCOHOL. THE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS CAN VARY BASED ON THE INDIVIDUAL'S CANCER TYPE, TREATMENT, AND OVERALL HEALTH.

Q: HOW IMPORTANT IS HYDRATION DURING CANCER TREATMENT?

A: HYDRATION IS CRITICALLY IMPORTANT. WATER IS ESSENTIAL FOR ALL BODILY FUNCTIONS AND HELPS MANAGE SIDE EFFECTS LIKE FATIGUE AND CONSTIPATION. AIM FOR PLENTY OF FLUIDS THROUGHOUT THE DAY, AND DISCUSS SPECIFIC FLUID RECOMMENDATIONS WITH YOUR HEALTHCARE PROVIDER, ESPECIALLY IF YOU ARE EXPERIENCING VOMITING OR DIARRHEA.

Q: CAN I STILL ENJOY MY FAVORITE FOODS WHILE UNDERGOING CANCER TREATMENT?

A: IN MOST CASES, YES. THE GOAL IS TO BALANCE ENJOYMENT WITH NUTRITION. YOUR DIETITIAN CAN HELP YOU FIND WAYS TO PREPARE YOUR FAVORITE FOODS IN A HEALTHIER WAY OR FIND SATISFYING ALTERNATIVES THAT ALIGN WITH YOUR DIETARY NEEDS. FOCUS ON WHAT YOU CAN EAT AND MAKE THOSE CHOICES COUNT.

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